BEFORE THE TAX COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF IDAHO

In the Matter of the Protest of)	
)	DOCKET NO. 19779
[REDACTED],)	
)	DECISION
	Petitioner.)	
)	

This case arises from a timely protest of a State Tax Commission staff's decision adjusting property tax reduction benefits for 2006. This matter was submitted for a decision based on the documents in the file. The State Tax Commission has reviewed the file and makes its decision.

All property within the jurisdiction of this state is subject to property tax. A property tax reduction benefit is available to certain qualifying individuals. The benefit is in the form of payment of all or a portion of the applicant's property tax on the dwelling he/she owns and occupies. The payment is funded by state sales tax. The amount of property tax reduction depends on income--the greater the income, the smaller the benefit.

[Redacted] (petitioner) filed an application for a property tax reduction benefit [Redacted] on April 4, 2006. In her application, the petitioner listed federal adjusted gross income of \$12,203 and social security income of \$13,790 less capital gains of \$1,424 and medical expenses of \$5,207.

The staff sent the petitioner a notice advising her of the intent to include the capital gains in her income. In addition, the petitioner was advised the staff intended to reduce the amount of allowable medical expenses to match the amount claimed in Schedule A of the petitioner's 2005 federal income tax return. The petitioner appealed the intended action, and her file was transferred to the Legal/Tax Policy Division for administrative review.

Income for property tax reduction benefit purposes is defined in Idaho Code § 63-701(5):

DECISION - 1 [Redacted]

- (5) "Income" means the sum of federal adjusted gross income as defined in the Internal Revenue Code, as defined in section 63-3004, Idaho Code, and to the extent not already included in federal adjusted gross income:
- (a) Alimony;
- (b) Support money;
- (c) Nontaxable strike benefits;
- (d) The nontaxable amount of any individual retirement account, pension or annuity, (including railroad retirement benefits, all payments received under the federal social security act except the social security death benefit as specified in this subsection, state unemployment insurance laws, and veterans disability pensions and compensation, excluding any return of principal paid by the recipient of an annuity and excluding rollovers as provided in section 402 or 403 of the Internal Revenue Code);
- (e) Nontaxable interest received from the federal government or any of its instrumentalities or a state government or any of its instrumentalities;
- (f) Worker's compensation; and
- (g) The gross amount of loss of earnings insurance.

It does not include gifts from nongovernmental sources or inheritances. To the extent not reimbursed, the cost of medical care as defined in section 213(d) of the Internal Revenue Code, incurred or paid by the claimant and, if married, the claimant's spouse, may be deducted from income. To the extent not reimbursed, personal funeral expenses, including prepaid funeral expenses and premiums on funeral insurance, of the claimant and claimant's spouse only, may be deducted from income up to an annual maximum of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per claim. "Income" does not include veterans disability pensions received by a person described in subsection (1)(e) who is a claimant or a claimant's spouse if the disability pension is received pursuant to a service-connected disability of a degree of forty percent (40%) or more. "Income" does not include dependency and indemnity compensation or death benefits paid to a person described in subsection (1) of this section by the United States department of veterans affairs and arising from a service-connected death or disability. "Income" does not include lump sum death benefits made by the social security administration pursuant to 42 U.S.C. section 402(i). Documentation of medical expenses may be required by the county assessor, board of equalization and state tax commission in such form as the county assessor, board of equalization or state tax commission shall determine. "Income" shall be that received in the calendar year immediately preceding the year in which a claim is filed. Where a claimant and/or the claimant's spouse does not file a federal tax return, the claimant's and/or the claimant's spouse's federal adjusted gross income, for purposes of this section, shall be an income equivalent to federal adjusted gross income had the claimant and/or the claimant's spouse filed a federal tax return, as determined by the county assessor. The county assessor, board of equalization or state tax commission may require documentation of income in such form as each shall determine, including, but not limited to: copies of federal or state tax returns and any attachments thereto; and income reporting forms such as the W2 and 1099.

The petitioner objected to the change to her income that resulted in a reduced benefit because the application form showed capital gains could be subtracted from income. She did not object to the change in the amount of medical expenses.

Late in the 2006 legislative session, the Idaho Legislature removed the exclusion of capital gains from income for the purpose of the property tax reduction benefit. The change that was passed, after most claimants had filled out their applications, was retroactive to January 1, 2006. Although the application was incorrect, the code does not allow the petitioner to subtract capital gains from her income as she might have done in prior years.

The petitioner's application listed federal adjusted gross income of \$12,203 and social security of \$13,790. When the \$5,183 of allowable medical expense is subtracted from that income, the resulting net income for property tax reduction benefit purposes is \$20,810. The petitioner qualifies to receive a property tax reduction benefit of an amount not to exceed \$660.

WHEREFORE, the Intent to Change Benefit letter dated October 18, 2006, is hereby APPROVED, AFFIRMED, and MADE FINAL.

An explanation of the taxpa	yer's right to app	peal this decision i	s included with this decision.	
DATED this	day of		, 2006.	
		IDAHO S	TATE TAX COMMISSION	
		COMMIS	SIONER	
	CERTIFIC	ATE OF SERVIO	CE	
	CISION was serv		, 2006, a copy of same by United States mail, postage	
[REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]		Receipt 1	No.	